# Building Personal Connections through Play & Games

Support for Those with Autism & Other Special Needs





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Inclusible means suitable for inclusion. My goal is to make communities suitable for inclusion, not people. And play is a most enjoyable tool!



### **Objectives**

Participants will gain information & tools to support learners with varying abilities in play.

Specific topics will include:

- The benefits of play for all
- Techniques for overcoming barriers & teaching game-playing skills
- Teaching sportsmanship
- Ideas and materials for caregivers, educators, & others



### The Remarkable Benefits of Play

Research shows play can improve children's skills in the following ways:

- Planning & organizing
- Social skills
- Regulating emotions
- Coping with stress
- Language skills
- Math skills



The American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) clinical report, <u>The Power of Play: A Pediatric Role in Enhancing Development in Young Children</u>, 2018





"[Physical] Play decreases stress, fatigue, injury, and depression and increases range of motion, agility, coordination, balance, and flexibility."

Goldstein J. Play in children's development, health and well-being: technology and play. In: Pellegrini DA, ed. Oxford Handbook of the Development of Play. New York, NY: Oxford University Press; 2011



#### Play reflects and passes on cultural values.

#### Did you know?

Recess in schools began in the U.S. as a way to support the social integration of immigrant children.



Rothbaum F, Pott M, Azuma H, Miyake K, Weisz J. The development of close relationships in Japan and the United States: paths of symbiotic harmony and generative tension. Child Dev. 2000;71(5):1121–1142pmid:11108082



### From My Experience, I've Learned...

Play gives us a reason and the opportunity to

gather together





...that can last a lifetime.





# Play can give us a predictable and comfortable way to connect with others.



- Games have rules and a structure.
- They can be learned and practiced.
- Players can change but the game remains the same.



# Play can give us opportunities to see and listen to others and in turn, be seen and heard.







Through play we can spend time with those who are different from ourselves, build friendships, and grow as individuals.





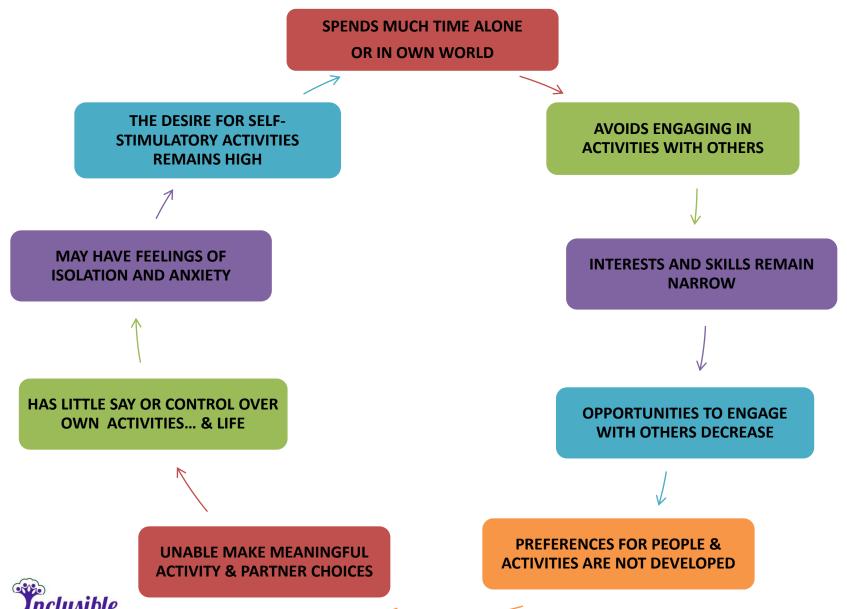
### Possible Barriers to Play for Special Needs Learners

- Skills
- Communication
- Motivation
- Emotions/Anxiety
- Behavior

- Mobility
- Medical
- Sensory
- Cognitive
- Opportunity



#### An Isolation Problem, Especially for Students with Autism



#### Breaking the Cycle of Isolation

**ABLE TO SPEND MORE TIME ENGAGED WITH OTHERS SELF-STIMULATORY ACTIVITIES REMAIN AN OPTION ABLE TO FEEL HAPPIER AND LESS ANXIOUS ABLE TO MAKE MEANINGFUL CHOICES** 



DEVELOPS ACTIVITY & PARTNER
PREFERENCES



# 15 Tips for Overcoming Barriers R Teaching Skills



# 1. Choose Wisely

Start simply (e.g. puzzles)

Know your players – choose games with

potential for interest.

Avoid poor matches.

Sensory needs? Anxiety?

Don't choose games with startling

features.







# 2. Choices, Choices!



- Meaningful choices
- As soon as possible but make sure the choices are <u>available</u> and <u>understood</u>
  - show actual objects
  - visuals choice boards (paired with text)
- Include partner choices



### 3. Create the Environment

- Inviting
- Heterogeneous groups

(e.g. different classes/grades, families, community members/locations)

Expectations are clear

It's easy to start right in

Visual schedules can help!



#### Play a Game, Get a Prize!

For motivation, for targeting skills, or just for fun!











#### It Takes Two!



If possible, start with the puzzles apart and let the learner leave with their put-together accomplishment in tact.



#### Three or More



For 3 or More Players





### Set up memory match games





### **Something Unstructured**





#### **Introduce 'House Rules'**

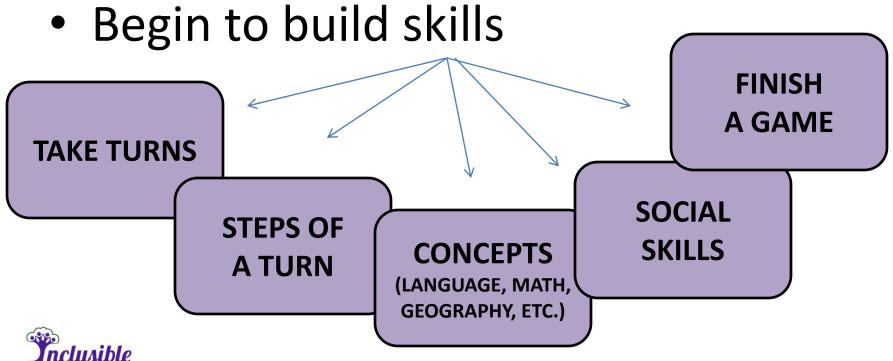
- A specific term for changes in a game
- Make decisions together to slightly change rules of a game
- Fosters flexible thinking, creative thinking,
   & collaboration
- A good way to explain making modifications





### 4. Demonstrate & Model

- Experienced players go first
- Play a practice round



# 5. Physically Pass the Turn

- Bowls or baskets
- Serve as prompts
- My turn & not my turn



# & Always Go Clockwise



- Can anticipate turnsPredictable = comfortable

# 6. Shorten It Up

- small commitment
- build tolerance

lengthen with interest



# 7. Play with Partners

- pair inexperienced with experienced
- players learn with little stress
- leaders can assess skills
- keeps it fun for all
- keeps the game moving





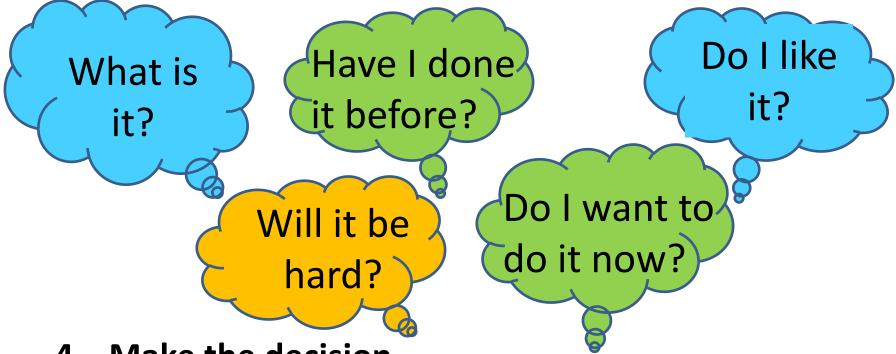
# 8. Consider the Invitation

Do you want to play a card game?



#### May trigger a sequence like this:

- **Process the question**
- **Consider the options**
- Anticipate what a "Yes" response would mean



- 4. Make the decision
- 5. Formulate & produce a response that will be understood – in a timely manner!

# The impulsive & easier route may be to just say "NO".

#### Instead, consider the invitation like this:

Come try this game with me.

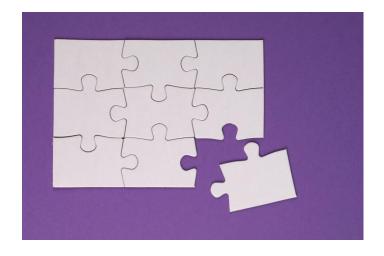
I will help you.





## 9. Last Move First

- Last puzzle piece
- The last round of the game
- Short & easy
- Build with comfort & interest





### 10. Count Backwards

- Especially if new or non-preferred
- Pitch and... throw away?
- 1st pitch = "Ten!"..." Nine!"..." Eight"...
- A known endpoint
- Be true to your word! -- build trust





## 11. My Turn is My Turn

- Resist using your turn to teach
- It's a downtime for others
- Narrate through your turn

My turn. I roll the dice. I got a 3. I move 1-2-3. My turn's done.



# 12. Skip the Quiz

- Resist teaching through questioning
- Learning comes naturally through play
- We all learn best through doing
- Replace "What number did you get?"

  with
  - "Wow! You got a 6."



### 13. Give a Little Time



- Processing time (count 5 seconds)
- Time for multiple steps of a turn



### 14. Be Observant



If having fun, build upon it — different play partners, similar but new games, or become an expert and team with inexperienced players

### If not, give more support

provide more assistance, shorten
 it up, be a temporary partner, find
 alternatives





# 15. Finish the Game

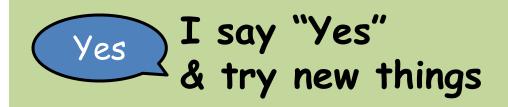
- Build the expectation & routine
- Make it short
- Take a break
- Goal = good game-playing partner





# How to Be a Good Sport







I wait for my turn

How to



Good

Sport



I say or do nice things

"Good idea", "Thank you", or sharing



I take good care of me!











I finish with positives

"Good game" "Thanks for playing" "High 5" & help clean up





Schedules help build in time to instruct or reflect upon good-sport goals.





Finish by saying something nice to your fellow players like...

Good game!

Nice playing!

It was fun to play with you!

Nice game!

Let's play again sometime!

# Ideas & Tools for Caregivers, Educators, & Others



#### **Playing Card Holders**





# Look for this symbol on wood and paper products!

'FSC' = Forest Stewardship Council, an organization that works to promote the practice of sustainable forestry worldwide.



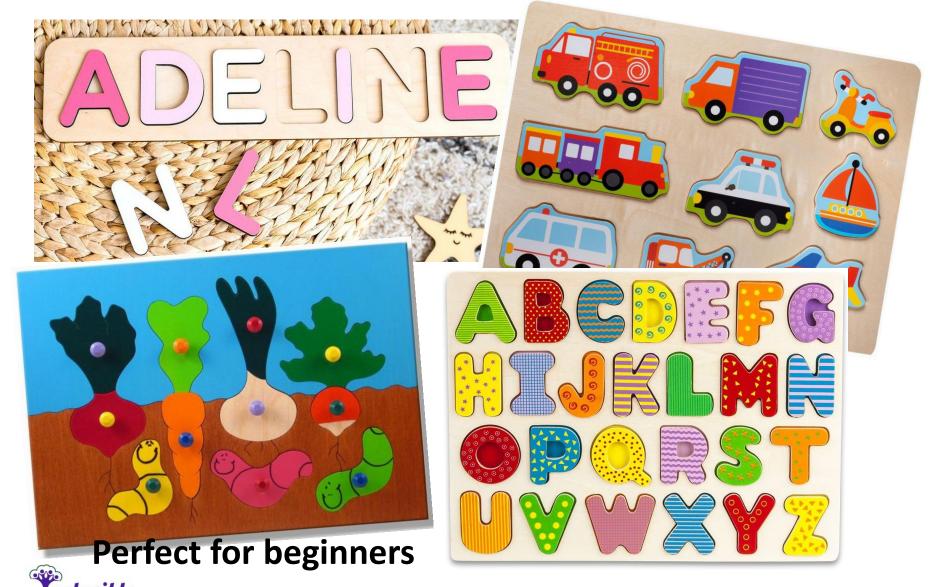
## Or Make Your Own...



card holder from an upside down shoe box!

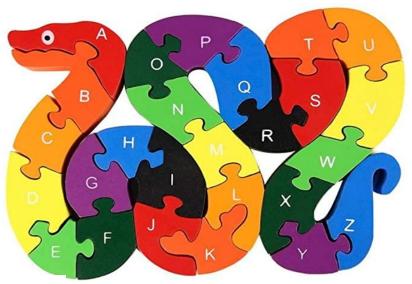


# Fit-to-a-Space Puzzles



# **Alphabet and Numeration**





Try taking out just a few pieces to start with.



MACING Capitals & State Outlines Under Pieces

Applicacy States of Applicacy Analysis and A

**Lauri** Rubber Puzzles

Melissa & Doug





# **Jigsaw Puzzles**

24, 48, 100 pieces Ravensburger Puzzle 6+1 100 100 100

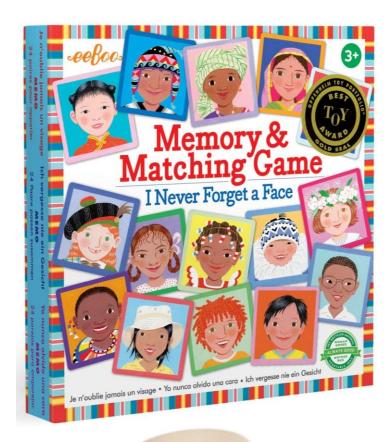


# **Easy for Turn Taking**



# Matching & Memory Games





Use bowls to keep track of whose cards are whose & to keep collected cards separate from playing cards.



#### Modified Memory Match - Twice as easy! Twice as fast!

Use placemats to separate cards into 2 sections. Choose 1 card from each section.



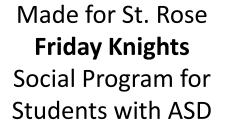
Search 'Inclusible, YouTube' for video instructions

# Make Your Own Matching Games











Tip: Use PowerPoint tools of duplicate slide & copy & paste from slide to slide



nclusible





## **Dollar Store Deals**

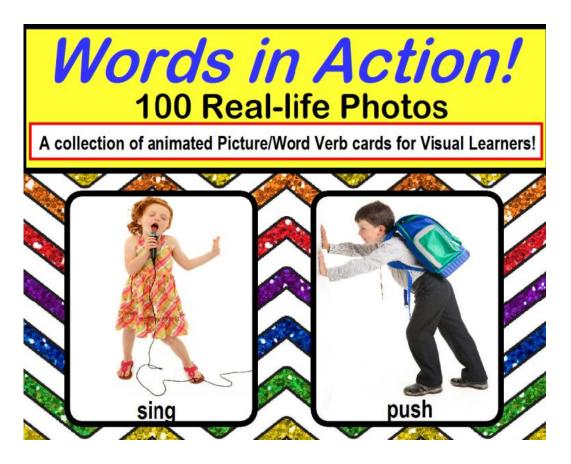


Buy 2 of the same set and you've got a matching game!



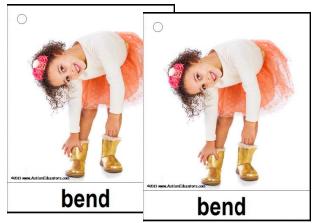
# **Teachers Pay Teachers**

www.teacherspayteachers.com



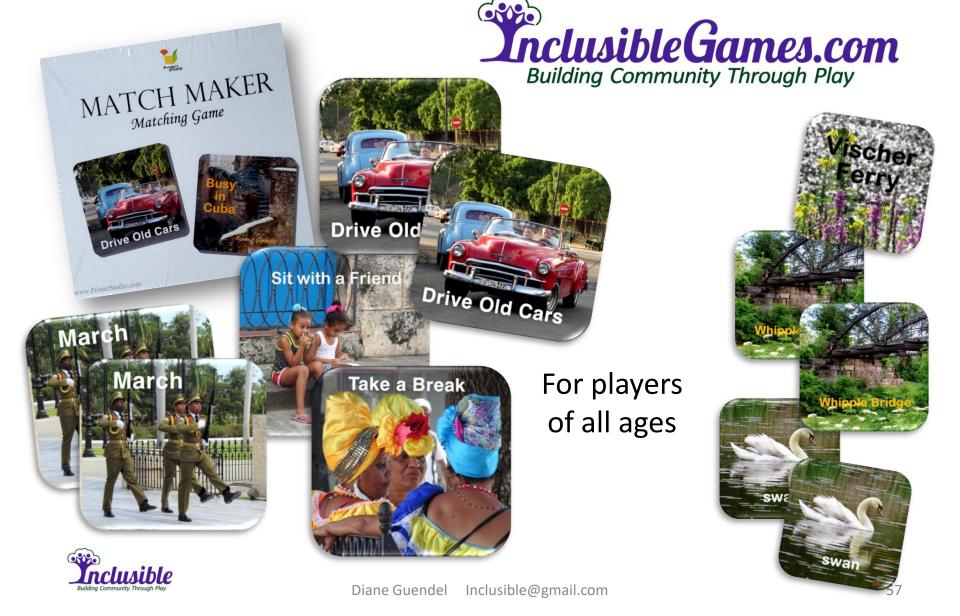






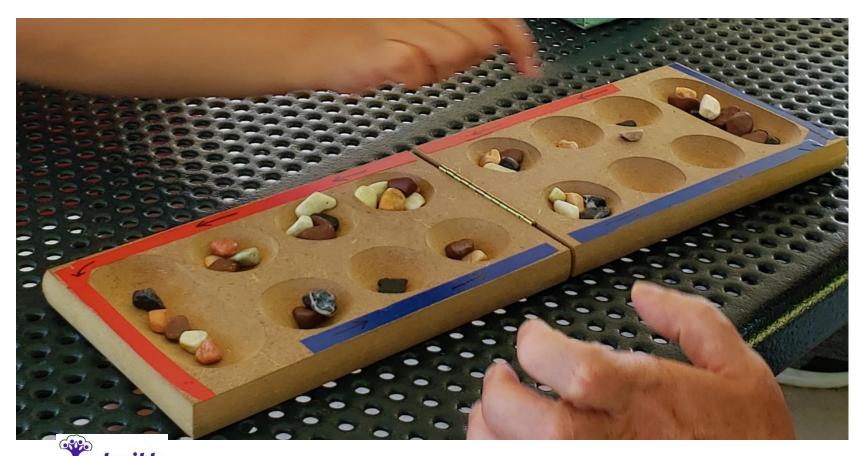


# Watch for games from me at...



#### **Modifications**

Mancala - colored tape indicates each players pockets & arrows show which direction to move



# **Good Ideas for Physical Play**



A soft Frisbee substitute called 'Pocket Disc'

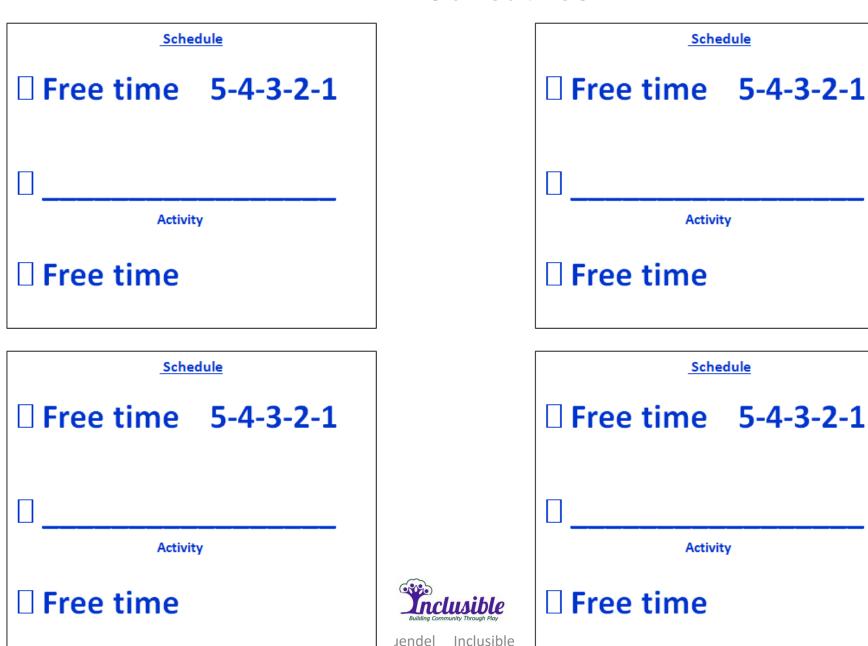


Nerf football

Make visuals for traditional games like 'Red Light Green Light'



#### Mini Schedules











Tools for rounding corners can be useful!













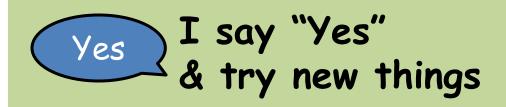


## Play a Game, Get a Prize!

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I wait for my turn

How to



Good





I say or do nice things

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# Playing Games Virtually



?

Play 20Questions

#### THINKER:

I am thinking of something...



GUESSER:
Can it...?
Does it have...?
Ts it 2

One person (the "thinker") starts the game by saying, "I'm thinking of something that is...an animal" (or another category).

The other players (the "guessers") ask questions and try to guess what it is. As a group, guessers can ask up to 20 questions.

The thinker can only give 4 kinds of answers.

- 1. Yes
- 2. No
- 3. Maybe
- 4. I don't know. Please ask another question.

So players cannot ask a question like, "What color is it?" but they can ask, "Is it red?" Each time players ask a question, they can also make a guess.

If no one can guess before using up the 20 questions, the thinker wins!



7







# To be fair, the thinker's idea must be something all players would know!

Come up with your own categories or use one of these.

- an job or sport
- an animal
- a plant
- a food

- an action
- a famous person
- a mutual friend

a house or classroom object

#### **Notes**

At the end of 20 questions, the thinker can opt to give the players 20 more questions.

The one who guesses correctly may be the next thinker or they may choose to give their turn to someone else.



#### Some questions to ask...

Is it bigger than an iPad? A man?

Does it live in water?

Does it have teeth?

Does it have stripes or spots?

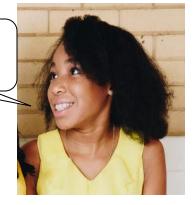
Does it have wings? Scales? Fur?

■ Does it fly? Swim? Hop? Run fast?

- Does it have legs?
- Does it eat other animals?
- Does it make a good pet?
- Does it have antlers, horns or tusks?
- It is colorful?
- Are people often afraid of it?

I have a question...

An anima



20	10	
19	9	
18	8	
17	7	
16	6	
<b>15</b>	5	
14	4	
13	3	
12	2	
11	1	

#### **About Horses**

- 1. Bigger than a man
- 2. Live on land
- 3. Have teeth
- 4. May have spots
- 5. Have hair not fur
- 6. Can run fast
- 7. Eat plants
- 8. Can be good companions and help with farm work
- 9. Colors are black, brown & white
- 10. Native to North America and bread for racing, riding, and farm works



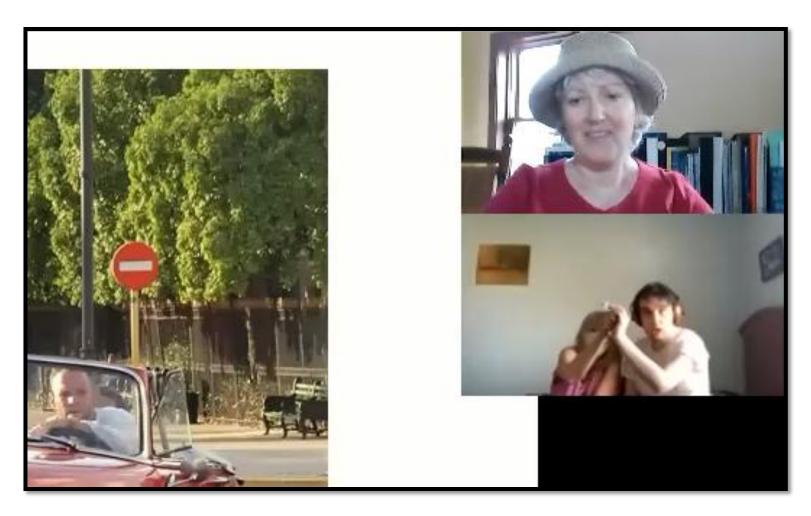


Photo credit - ArtHouse Studio

#### **Virtual Matching Game**



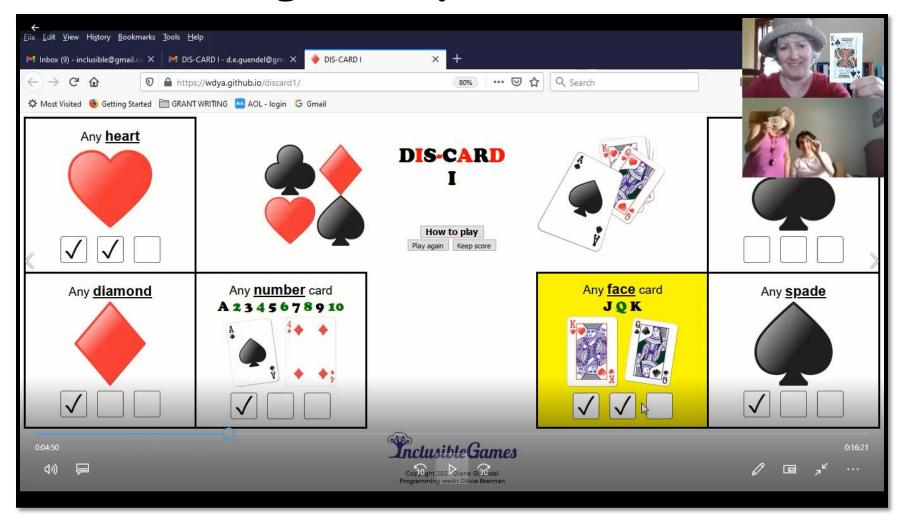
The PowerPoint matches physical cards Ben has. Mom directs his attention to the screen.



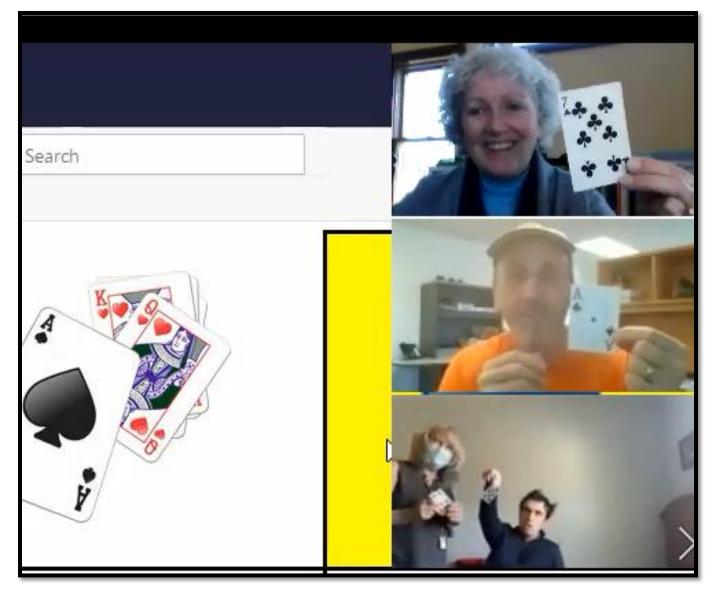
Found it! (Independently)
Mom helps Ben hold it up so I can see his card.



#### **Combination Digital & Physical Card Game**

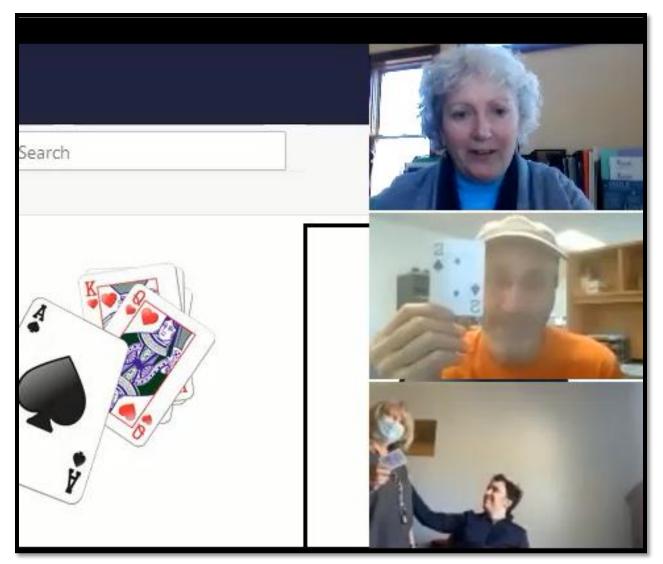


Initially, Mom and I practiced the game with Ben.



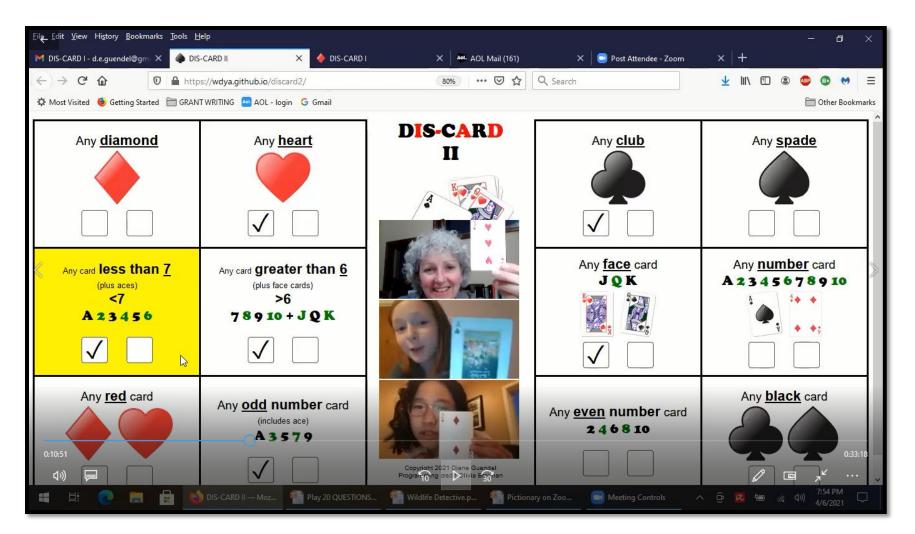
And then we got Dad in on the game.





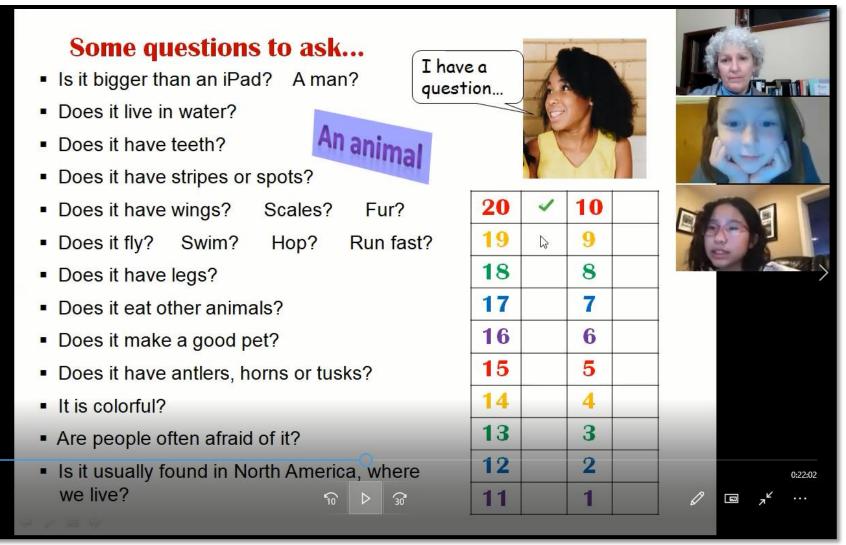
Remembering our priorities of fun and personal connections. Ben's enjoying his mom & dad's company!

#### Abby and Carabelle, 4th graders, play DIS-CARD II.





#### Playing 20 Questions with a Visual Guide

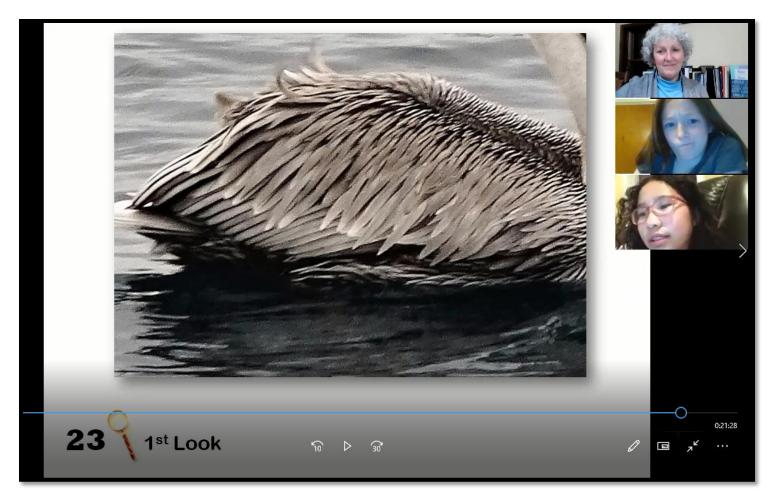


If using Zoom, there is a check-mark stamp under 'Annotate'

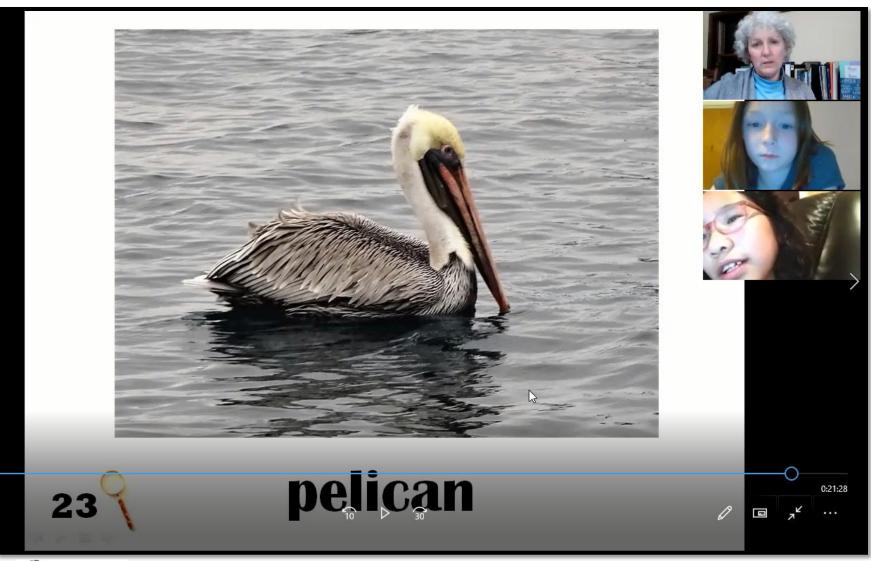


#### **Animal Detective**

#### "What's this animal?"

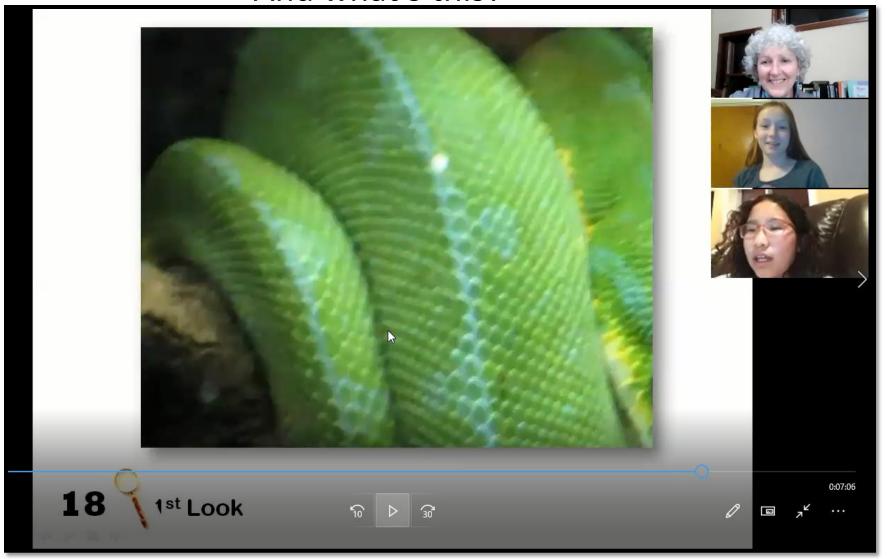


To create, each student in a class could contribute an animal or two. Students could then become the facilitators and play the game with others.



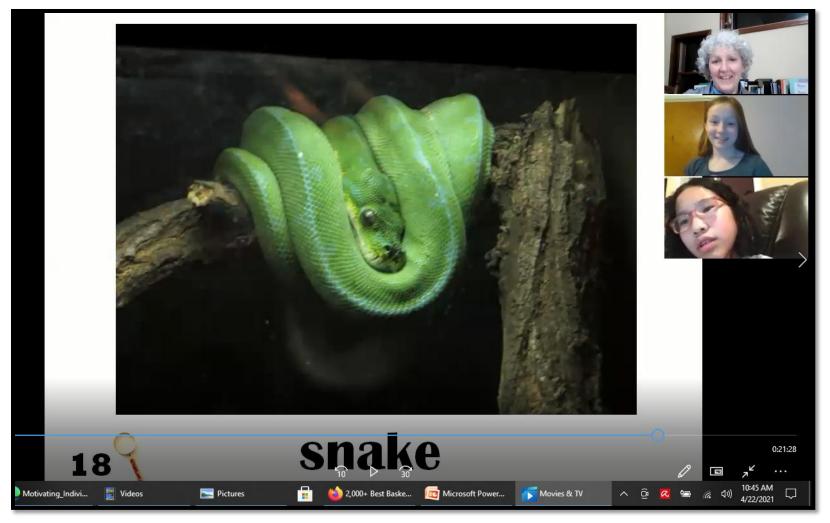


#### "And what's this?





#### Opportunity for sharing and getting to know one another.



Abby, a fan of snakes, shared her feelings and some facts while Carabelle listened. (New info...It's a green tree python!)



Then Carabelle shared her feelings—not a fan of snakes—while Abby listened.

# "We don't stop playing because we grow old;

## we grow old because we stop playing."

George Bernard Shaw





